Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023

Management's Report

The management of the Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour is responsible for the integrity, relevance and comparability of the financial information presented in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements are prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards established by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada. A summary of the significant accounting policies is disclosed in note 2 to the consolidated financial statements. The preparation of financial statements necessarily involves the use of estimates based on management's judgment, particularly when transactions affecting the current period cannot be finalized with certainty until future periods.

To meet its responsibility, management maintains a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded, transactions are properly authorized and recorded in compliance with legislative and regulatory requirements, and reliable financial information is available on a timely basis for preparation of the consolidated financial statements. These systems are monitored and evaluated by management.

The Council is responsible for ensuring that management fulfils its responsibilities for financial reporting and internal control, and exercises these responsibilities through the Council. The Council reviews internal financial statements on a monthly basis and external audited financial statements yearly. The Council also discusses any significant financial reporting or internal control matters prior to their approval of the consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements have been audited by ArsenaultBestCameronEllis, independent external auditors appointed by the Municipality. The accompanying Independent Auditor's Report outlines their responsibilities, the scope of their examination and their opinion on the Municipality's consolidated financial statements.

Anne Harnesk

Chief Administrative Officer

Terry White/

Mayor



Member of The AC Group of Independent Accounting Firms

Chartered Professional Accountants & Business Advisors
8 MacLeod Crescent
Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island
Canada C1E 3K2
Telephone (902) 368-3100
Fax (902) 566-5074
www.acgca.ca

June 14, 2023

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Council of the The Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of The Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at March 31, 2023, and the consolidated statements of accumulated surplus, operations, changes in net debt and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of The Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour as at March 31, 2023, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

We were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to determine if there are legal obligations associated with the retirement of tangible capital assets that could result in an asset retirement obligation, as an analysis has not been performed on the Municipality's tangible capital assets for that purpose. This is a departure from Canadian public sector accounting standards. Therefore, we were not able to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to tangible capital assets and long-term liabilities at April 1, 2022 and March 31, 2023 as well as expenses and annual surplus for the year ended March 31, 2023.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of The Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing The Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate The Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing The Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour's financial reporting process.



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Chartered Professional Accountants & Business Advisors 8 MacLeod Crescent Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island Canada C1E 3K2 Telephone (902) 368-3100 Fax (902) 566-5074 www.acgca.ca

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of The Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on The Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause The Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Arsenault Best Cameron Ellis

Chartered Professional Accountants

The Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at March 31, 2023

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Assets (note 4)		
Financial assets		
Cash and cash equivalents		
Unrestricted	156,573	138,698
Accounts receivable	,	,
Sewer	7,114	16,401
Grants	15,104	9,093
HST	7,984	1,580
Other Postricted each (vata 2)	391	715
Restricted cash (note 3)	481,627	481,643
Total financial assets	668,793	648,130
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	45,139	26.400
Deferred revenue (note 3)	428,455	36,408 500,650
Long-term debt (note 4)	221,421	236,840
	221,121	230,040
Total liabilities	695,015	773,898
Net debt	(26,222)	(125,768)
76.T		
Non-financial assets		
Prepaid expenses	31,582	35,055
Tangible capital assets (Schedule 2)	2,860,916	2,774,133
	2,892,498	2,809,188
Accumulated surplus	2,866,276	2,683,420

On behalf of the Council
Mayor

Acting Chief Administrative Officer



Consolidated Statement of Accumulated Surplus For the year ended March 31, 2023

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Accumulated surplus - Beginning of year	2,683,420	2,622,630
Annual surplus	182,856	60,790
Accumulated surplus - End of year	2,866,276	2,683,420

The Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour Consolidated Statement of Operations

For the year ended March 31, 2023

	2023	2023	2022
	Budget (unaudited)	Actual	Actual
	` \$	\$	\$
Revenue (Schedule 1)		4	Ψ
Property taxes	112,099	116,697	100,416
Government transfers	11-,477	110,007	100,410
Equalization	22,800	23,337	10,985
Wages	9,423	12,797	20,640
Other	1,999	12,500	2,500
Rent and other	15,500	57,563	30,348
Interest		2,573	3,696
Sewer charges	60,000	68,857	74,407
Fire dues	51,687	51,887	48,442
	273,508	346,211	291,434
Expenses (Schedule 1)			
General government	87,228	128,537	113,107
Municipal centre and recreation	92,757	55,284	51,466
Sewer	60,000	95,709	96,710
Fire department	68,502	72,987	62,825
	308,487	352,517	324,108
Operating deficit	(34,979)	(6,306)	(32,674)
	(= -,,- , -)	(0,500)	(32,074)
Other revenue			
Government infrastructure funding (note 5)	371,540	189,162	93,464
Annual surplus	336,561	182,856	60,790

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Debt

For the year ended March 31, 2023

	2023	2023	2022
	Budget (unaudited) \$	Actual \$	Actual \$
Annual surplus	336,561	182,856	60,790
Amortization of tangible capital assets - net Acquisition of tangible capital assets - net Change in prepaid expenses - general	80,000 (361,540)	90,440 (177,223) 3,473	83,694 (80,356) (9,719)
	(281,540)	(83,310)	(6,381)
Decrease in net financial liabilities	55,021	99,546	54,409
Net debt - Beginning of year	(125,768)	(125,768)	(180,177)
Net debt - End of year	(70,747)	(26,222)	(125,768)

The Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended March 31, 2023

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Cash provided by (used in)		-
Operating activities		
Annual surplus Item not affecting cash	182,856	60,790
Amortization	90,440	83,694
Net change in non-cash working capital items	273,296	144,484
Increase in accounts receivable	(2,804)	(3,508)
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	3,473	(9,719)
Decrease in deferred rent	8,731	(4,743)
Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue	(72,195)	(2,760) 114,689
	210,501	238,443
Capital activity		
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(177,223)	(80,356)
Financing activities		
Decrease (increase) in restricted cash	16	(120,292)
Debt repayment	(15,419)	(16,258)
	(15,403)	(136,550)
Change in cash and cash equivalents	17,875	21,537
Cash and cash equivalents - Beginning of year	138,698	117,161
Cash and cash equivalents - End of year	156,573	138,698

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023

1 Nature of Municipality

The Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour (the "Municipality") was incorporated in 1953 as a municipality in the Province of Prince Edward Island and operates under the provision of the Municipal Government Act (2017) of Prince Edward Island. The municipality is overseen by council consisting of seven members and provides services such as sewer, fire protection, planning, park and other general services.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies

The consolidated financial statements of The Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour are prepared by management in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards (PSAS) of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada. Significant aspects of the accounting policies adopted by the Municipality are as follows:

a) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses, and surplus/deficit of the reporting entity. The reporting entity is comprised of all organizations and committees that are accountable to the Municipality for administration of their financial affairs and resources, and which are owned or controlled by the Municipality. Interdepartmental and organizational transactions and balances are eliminated.

b) Consolidated entities

The organizations included in the consolidated financial statements are as follows:

Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour Murray Harbour Fire Department Murray Harbour Sewer Utility

c) Basis of accounting

The consolidated financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting records revenue as it is earned and measurable. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable based upon receipt of goods or services and/or the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

d) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand and bank account balances. Restricted cash is held in separate accounts to fund eligible expenditures under the Direct Allocation Capital Investment Plan Project Funding Agreement (see note 3).

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements **March 31, 2023**

e) Non-financial assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the normal course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the excess of revenue over expenses, provides the consolidated change in net debt for the year.

f) Management estimates

The presentation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reported period. Significant estimates include the estimated useful life of tangible capital assets and are based on management's best information and judgment. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates as additional information becomes available in the future.

g) Revenue recognition

- (i) Tax revenue consists of property tax billings which are received directly from the Province of Prince Edward Island. Taxes are billed based on the assessment rolls provided by the Province of Prince Edward Island at rates established by the Municipality. Taxation revenue is recorded as it is received in monthly installments from the Province of Prince Edward Island. Assessments and the related property taxes are subject to appeal to the Province of Prince Edward by residents. The Municipality's revenue is adjusted for any of these appeals using a yearly statement.
- (ii) Rent and other, interest, sewer charges and fire dues are recorded when it is earned and collection is reasonably assured.

h) Government transfers

Transfers from governments without eligibility criteria or stipulations is recognized as revenue by the Municipality when the transfer is authorized. Transfers with eligibility criteria is recognized as revenue by the Municipality when the transfer is authorized and all eligibility criteria have been met, unless there is a stipulation that gives rise to an obligation that meets the definition of a liability. In that case, the transfer is recorded as a liability and recognized as revenue as the stipulations are met. Transfers with stipulations is recognized as revenue by the Municipality when the transfer is authorized and all stipulations have been met.

Transfers to other organizations are recognized as an expense when they are authorized.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

March 31, 2023

i) Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost, which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The cost is amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life as follows:

Land improvements	4.0% and 10.0%
Buildings	2.5% and 4.0%
Street lights and equipment	10.0% and 20.0%
Fire equipment	10.0%
Sewer system	1.2% and 5.0%

Full amount of the annual amortization is charged in the year of acquisition.

All costs associated with placing an asset in service, including freight, installation costs, site preparation costs and alterations are included in the capitalized value.

j) Contaminated sites

Contaminated sites are a result of contamination being introduced into air, soil, water or sediment of a chemical, organic, or radioactive material or live organism that exceeds standards included in the *Environmental Protection Act*. A liability is recorded net of any expected recoveries. A liability for the remediation of contaminated sites is recognized when all of the following criteria are met:

- an environmental standard exists;
- contamination exceeds the environmental standard;
- the Province is directly responsible, or accepts responsibility;
- a reasonable estimate of the cost of remediation can be made; and
- it is expected that future economic benefits will be given up.

k) Fair value of financial instruments

(a) Measurement of financial instruments

The Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, restricted cash, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and long-term debt.

The Municipality initially measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value adjusted by, in the case of a financial instrument that will not be measured subsequently at fair value, the amount of transaction costs directly attributable to the instrument. This fair value amount is then deemed to be the amortized cost of the financial instrument.

The Municipality subsequently measures all its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023

(b) Impairment

For financial assets measured at cost or amortized cost, the Municipality determines whether there are indications of possible impairment. When there is an indication of impairment, and the Municipality determines that a significant adverse change has occurred during the period in the expected timing or amount of future cash flows, a write-down is recognized in annual surplus. A previously recognized impairment loss may be reversed to the extent of the improvement. The carrying amount of the financial asset may not be greater than the amount that would have been reported at the date of the reversal had the impairment not been recognized previously. The amount of the reversal is recognized in annual surplus.

(c) Risks

Transacting in financial instruments exposes the Municipality to certain financial risks and uncertainties. These risks include:

- Credit risk: The Municipality is exposed to credit risk in connection with the collection of its accounts receivable. The Municipality mitigates this risk by performing continuous evaluation of its accounts receivable.
- ii) Liquidity risk: The Municipality's exposure to liquidity risk is dependent on the collection of accounts receivable or raising of funds to meet commitments and sustain operations. The Municipality controls liquidity risk by management of working capital, cash flows and availability of borrowing facilities.

3 Deferred revenue

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Deferred revenue - Beginning of year Allocation received Interest income Eligible expenditures incurred	500,650 100,000 273 (172,468)	385,961 200,000 364 (85,675)
Deferred revenue - End of year	428,455	500,650

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023

During the year the Municipality was allocated \$100,000 (2022 - \$200,000) under the New Deal Gas Tax Funding for Incorporated Communities Agreement. The Municipality must use their allocation of the New Deal Gas Tax funds for eligible infrastructure and capacity building.

Under the Agreement on the Transfer of Federal Gas Tax Revenues through the New Deal for Cities and Communities and the Direct Allocation Capital Investment Plan Project, the Municipality has received funds which are restricted for expenditure on eligible projects. The Municipality has prepared, and the governmental regulating body has accepted, a Capital Investment Plan which details eligible expenditures.

The Municipality has \$481,627 (2022 - \$481,643) in a separate bank account to be used to pay for future eligible expenditures incurred under this agreement. This is shown as restricted cash on the Statement of Financial Position.

4 Long-term debt

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour - General		
Fixed 6.59%, Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce loan, non-revolving demand installment loan, payable in monthly installments of \$188 plus interest	38,436	40,519
Fixed 6.59%, Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce loan, non-revolving demand installment loan, payable in monthly installments of \$690 plus interest	140,816	149,113
Fixed 6.59%, Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce loan, non-revolving demand installment loan, payable in monthly installments of \$458 plus interest	42,169	47,208
	221,421	236,840

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

March 31, 2023

A present and future collateral mortgage of \$75,000 over land and building with a net book value of \$180,139 and a borrowing resolution provided by the Municipality have been pledged as security for the Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce loans.

The aggregate amount of principal payments estimated to be required in each of the next five years to meet retirement provisions, assuming no demand of repayment, are as follows:

	\$
Year ending March 31, 2024	16,036
2025	16,036
2026	16,036
2027	16,036
2028	16,036
Thereafter	141,241
	221,421

Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce prime rate at March 31, 2023 was 6.70% (2022 - 2.70%).

5 Government infrastructure funding

Government transfers for capital:

·	2023	2023	2022
	Budget (unaudited) \$	Actual \$	Actual \$
Sewer Utility:	Ψ	Ψ	3
Gas tax - capital projects	126,775	48,893	10,809
Municipal capital expenditures grant - capital	3,500	4,445	983
Municipality:		.,	705
Gas tax - capital projects	234,765	123,576	74,866
Municipal capital expenditures grant - capital	6,500	12,248	6,806
	371,540	189,162	93,464

6 Rate regulation

The Municipality is subject to rate regulation on the Sewer utilities provided to residents in Prince Edward Island under the Island Regulatory Appeals Commission Act. The purpose of this Act, which is administered by the Island Regulatory and Appeal Commission (IRAC), is to regulate the rate municipalities may charge for sewer utilities provided to residents within Prince Edward Island and to ensure at all times a just and reasonable price for sewer services. Changes in sewer utility rates can only be implemented with the approval from IRAC.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023

7 Segment disclosure - Schedule 1

The Municipality provides various services to its citizens. For management reporting purposes the Municipality's operations and activities are organized and reported by segment. Segments were created for the purpose of recording specific activities to attain certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations.

Community services are provided by departments and their activity is reported in these funds. The services provided by these departments are as follows:

General government services

This department is responsible for the overall financial and local government administration. Its tasks include accounts payable and receivables, budgets and financial statements, administration and maintenance of bylaws.

Municipality centre and recreation

This department is responsible for rental and maintenance of the Municipality community centre and parks.

Sewer utility

This department is responsible for sewage utility services provided to the residents.

Fire protection services

This department is responsible for fire protection for its residents.

Elimination amounts

Internally generated revenues and expenses are eliminated on a consolidated basis.

Consolidated Schedule of Segment Disclosures
For the year ended March 31, 2023

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Schedule 1

	General	Municipality Center &		<u>X</u>		March 31, 2023
	Government \$	Recreation \$	Sewer §	Department	Elimination \$	Consolidated \$
Revenues Property taxes Government transfer	116,697	,	ı	ı	ı	116,697
Municipal Support Grant Program Wages	23,337		1 1	1 1	1 1	23,337 12,797
Rent and other	2,500 14,666	24,584	1 1	10,000 21,913	. (3,600)	12,500 57,563
Sewer Fire dues	7 -	1 1 1	2,362 68,857	- 69,359	(17,472)	2,573 68,857 51,887
	170,208	24,584	71,219	101,272	(21,072)	346,211
Expenditures Salaries and benefits Goods and services Amortization Interest	38,071 84,492 19,703 3,743	8,393 30,519 16,372	8,182 51,499 30,735 8.893	1,900 44,801 23,630	(21,072)	56,546 190,239 90,440 15,202
	146,009	55,284	99,309	72,987	(21,072)	352,517
Operating surplus (deficit)	24,199	(30,700)	(28,090)	28,285	1	(6,306)
Other revenue Government Infrastructure funding	135,824		53,338	1	1	189,162
	160,023	(30,700)	25,248	28,285		182,856

Consolidated Schedule of Segment Disclosures
For the year ended March 31, 2023

For the year ended March 31, 2023	

Schedule 1

	(Yeneral	Municipality		Ë		March 31, 2022
	Government	Recreation \$	Sewer \$	rire Department \$	Elimination \$	Consolidated \$
Revenues Property taxes	100,416	ı	•	ı	ı	100,416
Municipal Support Grant Program Wages	10,985 20,640	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	10,985 20,640
Rent and other Interest	2,300 5,035 94	28,006	3,602	- 206	(3,600)	2,500 30,348 3,696
Sewer Fire dues	1 1	1 1	74,407	- 65,926	(17,484)	74,407 48,442
	139,670	28,006	78,009	66,833	(21,084)	291,434
Expenditures Salaries and benefits	42,894	6.897	10.403	1 075	,	61.260
Goods and services Amortization Interest	70,355 15,421 1,921	28,265 16,304	57,600 26,778 5,529	34,579 34,579 25,191 1,980	(21,084)	169,715 83,694 9,430
	130,591	51,466	100,310	62,825	(21,084)	324,108
Operating surplus (deficit)	6,079	(23,460)	(22,301)	4,008	ı	(32,674)
Other revenue Government infrastructure funding	81,672		11,792	1	1	93,464
	90,751	(23,460)	(10,509)	4,008	1	60,790

Consolidated Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets For the year ended March 31, 2023

For the year ended March 31, 2023							Schedule 2
		March 31, 2023	Cost		March 31, 2023	Accumulated	March 31, 2023
	Beginning \$	Additions \$	Ending \$	Beginning \$	Amortization \$	Ending \$	Net book value \$
Land and land improvements Buildings Street lights and equipment Fire equipment Sewer system	276,804 775,448 126,712 486,398 2,365,369	17,088 19,844 73,543 18,348 48,400	293,892 795,292 200,255 504,746 2,413,769	43,645 337,000 57,080 243,599 575,274	7,572 16,372 10,563 25,198 30,735	51,217 353,372 67,643 268,797 606,009	242,675 441,920 132,612 235,949 1,807,760
	4,030,731	177,223	4,207,954	1,256,598	90,440	1,347,038	2,860,916
		March 31, 2022	Cost		March 31, 2022	Accumulated amortization	March 31, 2022
	Beginning S	Additions \$	Ending S	Beginning \$	Amortization \$	Ending \$	Net book Value \$
Land and land improvements Buildings Street lights and equipment Fire equipment Sewer system	271,052 742,382 92,463 486,398 2,358,080	5,752 33,066 34,249 7,289	276,804 775,448 126,712 486,398 2,365,369	36,211 320,994 50,581 216,622 548,496	7,434 16,006 6,499 26,977 26,778	43,645 337,000 57,080 243,599 575,274	233,159 438,448 69,632 242,799 1,790,095
	3,950,375	80.356	4.030.731	1 172 904	83,694	1 256 598	2 774 133