Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2022

### Management's Report

The management of the Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour is responsible for the integrity, relevance and comparability of the financial information presented in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements are prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards established by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada. A summary of the significant accounting policies is disclosed in note 2 to the consolidated financial statements. The preparation of financial statements necessarily involves the use of estimates based on management's judgment, particularly when transactions affecting the current period cannot be finalized with certainty until future periods.

To meet its responsibility, management maintains a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded, transactions are properly authorized and recorded in compliance with legislative and regulatory requirements, and reliable financial information is available on a timely basis for preparation of the consolidated financial statements. These systems are monitored and evaluated by management.

The Council is responsible for ensuring that management fulfils its responsibilities for financial reporting and internal control, and exercises these responsibilities through the Council. The Council reviews internal financial statements on a monthly basis and external audited financial statements yearly. The Council also discusses any significant financial reporting or internal control matters prior to their approval of the consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements have been audited by ArsenaultBestCameronEllis, independent external auditors appointed by the Municipality. The accompanying Independent Auditor's Report outlines their responsibilities, the scope of their examination and their opinion on the Municipality's consolidated financial statements.

Anne Harnesk

Chief Administrative Officer

Paul Levelet.

Mayor



Member of The AC Group of Independent Accounting Firms

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June 8, 2022

### **Independent Auditor's Report**

## To the Council of the The Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour

### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of The Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at March 31, 2022, and the consolidated statements of accumulated surplus, operations, changes in net debt and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of The Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour as at March 31, 2022, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of The Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing The Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate The Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing The Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour's financial reporting process.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of The Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on The Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause The Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

**Chartered Professional Accountants** 

Arsenault Best Cameron Ellis

# The Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at March 31, 2022

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Assets (note 4)	Ψ	C)
Financial assets		
Cash and cash equivalents		
Unrestricted	129 600	117161
Accounts receivable	138,698	117,161
Sewer	16 401	12 420
Grants	16,401 9,093	12,430
HST	,	1,304
Fire department and other	1,580 715	1,836
Restricted cash (note 3)		8,711
(	481,643	361,351
Total financial assets	648,130	502,793
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	26 409	41 151
Deferred rent	36,408	41,151
Deferred revenue (note 3)	500,650	2,760
Long-term debt (note 4)		385,961
	236,840	253,098
Total liabilities	773,898	682,970
Net debt	(125,768)	(190 177)
	(123,708)	(180,177)
Non-financial assets		
Prepaid expenses		
Tangible capital assets (Schedule 2)	35,055	25,336
rangiote capital assets (Schedule 2)	2,774,133	2,777,471
	2,809,188	2,802,807
Accumulated surplus	2,683,420	
-	2,003,420	2,622,630

On behalf of the Council

Acting Chief Administrative Officer



Consolidated Statement of Accumulated Surplus For the year ended March 31, 2022

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Accumulated surplus - Beginning of year	2,622,630	2,569,914
Annual surplus	60,790	52,716
Accumulated surplus - End of year	2,683,420	2,622,630

Consolidated Statement of Operations

For the year ended March 31, 2022

	2022	2022	2021
	Budget (unaudited)	Actual	Actual
	\$	\$	Actual \$
Revenue (Schedule 1)	~	Ψ	Φ
Property taxes	100,176	100,416	105,401
Government transfers	100,170	100,410	105,401
Equalization	10,980	10,985	10,487
Wages	27,000	20,640	16,032
Other	6,999	2,500	6,999
Rent and other	29,281	30,348	38,695
Interest	, <u></u>	3,696	3,136
Sewer charges	60,000	74,407	71,082
Fire dues	49,939	48,442	48,836
	284,375	291,434	300,668
Expenses (Schedule 1)			
General government	98,349	113,107	89,120
Municipal centre and recreation	87,692	51,466	51,574
Sewer	60,000	96,710	79,050
Fire department	66,623	62,825	56,485
	312,664	324,108	276,229
Operating surplus (deficit)	(28,289)	(32,674)	24,439
Other revenue	·	` ' '	', '3'
Government infrastructure funding (note 5)	97,500	93,464	28,277
Annual surplus	69,211	60,790	52,716

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Debt

For the year ended March 31, 2022

	2022	2022	2021
	Budget (unaudited) \$	Actual \$	Actual \$
Annual surplus	69,211	60,790	52,716
Amortization of tangible capital assets - net Acquisition of tangible capital assets - net Change in prepaid expenses - general	80,000 (90,000)	83,694 (80,356) (9,719)	79,131 (138,881) (1,559)
	(10,000)	(6,381)	(61,309)
Decrease (increase) in net financial debt	59,211	54,409	(8,593)
Net debt - Beginning of year	(180,177)	(180,177)	(171,584)
Net debt - End of year	(120,966)	(125,768)	(180,177)

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended March 31, 2022

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Cash provided by (used in)		-
Operating activities		
Annual surplus Item not affecting cash	60,790	52,716
Amortization	83,694	79,131
Net change in non-cash working capital items	144,484	131,847
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable	(3,508)	8,326
Decrease in accounts payable and accrued liabilities Increase (decrease) in deferred rent	(4,743)	(13,047)
Increase (decrease) in deferred rent Increase in deferred revenue	(2,760)	2,760
Increase in prepaid expenses	114,689	72,043
moreuse in prepara expenses	(9,719)	(1,559)
	238,443	200,370
Capital activity		
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(80,356)	(138,881)
Financing activities		
Increase in restricted cash	(120,292)	(73,383)
Issuance of long-term debt	-	55,000
Debt repayment	(16,258)	(13,281)
	(136,550)	(31,664)
Change in cash and cash equivalents	21,537	29,825
Cash and cash equivalents - Beginning of year	117,161	87,336
Cash and cash equivalents - End of year	138,698	117,161

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2022

### 1 Nature of Municipality

The Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour (the "Municipality") was incorporated in 1953 as a municipality in the Province of Prince Edward Island and operates under the provision of the Municipal Government Act (2017) of Prince Edward Island. The municipality is overseen by council consisting of seven members and provides services such as sewer, fire protection, planning, park and other general services.

### 2 Summary of significant accounting policies

The consolidated financial statements of The Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour are prepared by management in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards (PSAS) of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada. Significant aspects of the accounting policies adopted by the Municipality are as follows:

### a) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses, and surplus/deficit of the reporting entity. The reporting entity is comprised of all organizations and committees that are accountable to the Municipality for administration of their financial affairs and resources, and which are owned or controlled by the Municipality. Interdepartmental and organizational transactions and balances are eliminated.

### b) Consolidated entities

The organizations included in the consolidated financial statements are as follows:

Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour Murray Harbour Fire Department Murray Harbour Sewer Utility

### c) Basis of accounting

The consolidated financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting records revenue as it is earned and measurable. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable based upon receipt of goods or services and/or the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

### d) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand and bank account balances. Restricted cash is held in separate accounts to fund eligible expenditures under the Direct Allocation Capital Investment Plan Project Funding Agreement (see note 3).

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2022

### e) Non-financial assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the normal course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the excess of revenue over expenses, provides the consolidated change in net debt for the year.

### f) Management estimates

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reported period. Significant estimates include the estimated useful life of tangible capital assets and are based on management's best information and judgment. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates as additional information becomes available in the future.

Since January 31, 2020, the outbreak of COVID-19 (coronavirus) has resulted in governments worldwide enacting emergency measures to combat the spread of the virus. These measures have caused material disruption to businesses globally resulting in an economic slowdown, and global equity markets have experienced significant volatility. The duration and impact of the COVID-19 outbreak is unknown at this time, as is the outcome of government and central bank interventions.

In management's estimation, these events have not had a material impact on the carrying value of assets and liabilities reported in these financial statements as at March 31, 2022. The duration and impact of the COVID-19 pandemic remains unclear at this time. Therefore, it is not possible to reliably estimate the duration and severity of these consequences, as well as their impact on the financial position and results of the Municipality for future periods.

### g) Revenue recognition

- (i) Tax revenue consists of property tax billings which are received directly from the Province of Prince Edward Island. Taxes are billed based on the assessment rolls provided by the Province of Prince Edward Island at rates established by the Municipality. Taxation revenue is recorded as it is received in monthly installments from the Province of Prince Edward Island. Assessments and the related property taxes are subject to appeal to the Province of Prince Edward by residents. The Municipality's revenue is adjusted for any of these appeals using a yearly statement.
- (ii) Rent and other, interest, sewer charges and fire dues are recorded when it is earned and collection is reasonably assured.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2022

### h) Government transfers

Transfers from governments without eligibility criteria or stipulations is recognized as revenue by the Municipality when the transfer is authorized. Transfers with eligibility criteria is recognized as revenue by the Municipality when the transfer is authorized and all eligibility criteria have been met, unless there is a stipulation that gives rise to an obligation that meets the definition of a liability. In that case, the transfer is recorded as a liability and recognized as revenue as the stipulations are met. Transfers with stipulations is recognized as revenue by the Municipality when the transfer is authorized and all stipulations have been met.

Transfers to other organizations are recognized as an expense when they are authorized.

### i) Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost, which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The cost is amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life as follows:

Land improvements	4.0% and 10.0%
Buildings	2.5% and 4.0%
Street lights and equipment	10.0% and 20.0%
Fire equipment	10.0%
Sewer system	1.2% and 5.0%

Full amount of the annual amortization is charged in the year of acquisition.

All costs associated with placing an asset in service, including freight, installation costs, site preparation costs and alterations are included in the capitalized value.

### j) Contaminated sites

Contaminated sites are a result of contamination being introduced into air, soil, water or sediment of a chemical, organic, or radioactive material or live organism that exceeds standards included in the *Environmental Protection Act*. A liability is recorded net of any expected recoveries. A liability for the remediation of contaminated sites is recognized when all of the following criteria are met:

- an environmental standard exists;
- contamination exceeds the environmental standard;
- the Province is directly responsible, or accepts responsibility;
- a reasonable estimate of the cost of remediation can be made; and
- it is expected that future economic benefits will be given up.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2022

### k) Fair value of financial instruments

### (i) Measurement of financial instruments

The Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, restricted cash, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and long-term debt.

The Municipality initially measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value adjusted by, in the case of a financial instrument that will not be measured subsequently at fair value, the amount of transaction costs directly attributable to the instrument. This fair value amount is then deemed to be the amortized cost of the financial instrument.

The Municipality subsequently measures all its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost.

### (ii) Impairment

For financial assets measured at cost or amortized cost, the Municipality determines whether there are indications of possible impairment. When there is an indication of impairment, and the Municipality determines that a significant adverse change has occurred during the period in the expected timing or amount of future cash flows, a write-down is recognized in annual surplus. A previously recognized impairment loss may be reversed to the extent of the improvement. The carrying amount of the financial asset may not be greater than the amount that would have been reported at the date of the reversal had the impairment not been recognized previously. The amount of the reversal is recognized in annual surplus.

### (c) Risks

Transacting in financial instruments exposes the Municipality to certain financial risks and uncertainties. These risks include:

- i) Interest rate risk: The Municipality is exposed to interest rate risk due to the variable rate interest on their long-term debt. Changes in the bank lending rates can cause fluctuations in cash flows and interest expense. The Municipality does not use any derivatives to manage this risk. The Municipality does not have any bank advances at year end.
- ii) Credit risk: The Municipality is exposed to credit risk in connection with the collection of its accounts receivable. The Municipality mitigates this risk by performing continuous evaluation of its accounts receivables.
- iii) Liquidity risk: The Municipality's exposure to liquidity risk is dependent on the collection of accounts receivable or raising of funds to meet commitments and sustain operations. The Municipality controls liquidity risk by management of working capital, cash flows and availability of borrowing facilities.



Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2022

### 3 Deferred revenue

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Deferred revenue - Beginning of year	385,961	313,918
Allocation received	200,000	100,000
Interest income	364	293
Eligible expenditures incurred	(85,675)	(28,250)
Deferred revenue - End of year	500,650	385,961

During the year the Municipality was allocated \$200,000 (2021 - \$100,000) under the New Deal Gas Tax Funding for Incorporated Communities Agreement. The Municipality must use their allocation of the New Deal Gas Tax funds for eligible infrastructure and capacity building.

Under the Agreement on the Transfer of Federal Gas Tax Revenues through the New Deal for Cities and Communities and the Direct Allocation Capital Investment Plan Project, the Municipality has received funds which are restricted for expenditure on eligible projects. The Municipality has prepared, and the governmental regulating body has accepted, a Capital Investment Plan which details eligible expenditures.

The Municipality has \$481,643 (2021 - \$361,531) in a separate bank account to be used to pay for future eligible expenditures incurred under this agreement. This is shown as restricted cash on the Statement of Financial Position.

### 4 Long-term debt

	<b>2022</b> \$	2021 \$
Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour - General		
Prime plus 1.3%, Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce loan, non-revolving demand installment loan, payable in monthly installments of \$189 plus interest		
Prime plus 1.3%, Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce loan, non-revolving demand installment loan, payable in monthly	40,519	42,981
installments of \$691 plus interest Prime plus 1.3%, Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce loan, non-revolving demand installment loan, payable in monthly	149,113	157,409
installments of \$458 plus interest	47,208	52,708
	236,840	253,098

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2022

A present and future collateral mortgage of \$75,000 over land and building with a net book value of \$178,174 and a borrowing resolution provided by the Municipality have been pledged as security for the Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce loans.

The aggregate amount of principal payments estimated to be required in each of the next five years to meet retirement provisions, assuming no demand of repayment, are as follows:

	\$
Year ending March 31, 2022	16,069
2023	16,069
2024	16,069
2025	16,069
2026	16,069
Thereafter	156,495
	236,840

Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce prime rate at March 31, 2022 was 2.7% (2021 - 2.45%).

### 5 Government infrastructure funding

Government transfers for capital:

	2022	2022	2021
	Budget (unaudited)	Actual	Actual
Sewer Utility:	\$	\$	\$
Gas tax - capital projects	-	10,809	14,348
Municipal capital expenditures grant - capital	7,500	983	1,304
Municipality			.,50
Gas tax - capital projects	90,000	74,866	12,625
Municipal capital expenditures grant - capital	_	6,806	,
	97,500	93,464	28,277

### 6 Rate regulation

The Municipality is subject to rate regulation on the Sewer utilities provided to residents in Prince Edward Island under the Island Regulatory Appeals Commission Act. The purpose of this Act, which is administered by the Island Regulatory and Appeal Commission (IRAC), is to regulate the rate municipalities may charge for sewer utilities provided to residents within Prince Edward Island and to ensure at all times a just and reasonable price for sewer services. Changes in sewer utility rates can only be implemented with the approval from IRAC.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements **March 31, 2022** 

### 7 Segment disclosure - Schedule 1

The Municipality provides various services to its citizens. For management reporting purposes the Municipality's operations and activities are organized and reported by segment. Segments were created for the purpose of recording specific activities to attain certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations.

Community services are provided by departments and their activity is reported in these funds. The services provided by these departments are as follows:

### General government services

This department is responsible for the overall financial and local government administration. Its tasks include accounts payable and receivables, budgets and financial statements, administration and maintenance of bylaws.

### Municipality centre and recreation

This department is responsible for rental and maintenance of the Municipality community centre and parks.

### Sewer utility

This department is responsible for sewage utility services provided to the residents.

### Fire protection services

This department is responsible for fire protection for its residents.

### Elimination amounts

Internally generated revenues and expenses are eliminated on a consolidated basis.

Consolidated Schedule of Segment Disclosures For the year ended March 31, 2022

,2022
131.
March 31,
nded
year e
or the year ended

Schedule 1

	General Government	Municipality Center & Recreation \$	Sewer	Fire Department \$	Elimination	March 31, 2022 Consolidated \$
Revenues Property taxes	100,416	ı	1	ı	ı	100,416
Municipal Support Grant Program Wages Other Rent and other Interest	10,985 20,640 2,500 5,035 94	28,006	3,602	- 206	(3,600)	10,985 20,640 2,500 30,348 3,696
Fire dues	1 (	1 7	/4,40/	65,926	(17,484)	74,407
	139,670	28,006	78,009	66,833	(21,084)	291,434
Expenditures Salaries and benefits Goods and services Amortization Interest	42,894 70,355 15,421 1,921	6,897 28,265 16,304	10,403 57,600 26,778 5,529	1,075 34,579 25,191 1,980	(21,084)	61,269 169,715 83,694 9,430
	130,591	51,466	100,310	62,825	(21,084)	324,108
Operating surplus (deficit)	6,079	(23,460)	(22,301)	4,008	ı	(32,674)
<b>Other revenue</b> Government Infrastructure funding	81,672	r	11,792	1	1	93,464
	90,751	(23,460)	(10,509)	4,008	1	60,790

Consolidated Schedule of Segment Disclosures For the year ended March 31, 2022

7707,	
March 51	
or the year ended	
=	۱

Schedule 1

	General Government	Municipality Center & Recreation	Sewer	Fire Department \$	Elimination \$	March 31, 2021 Consolidated
Revenues Property taxes	105,401	ı	ı	ı	ı	105,401
Coverinite in transfer Municipal Support Grant Program Wages	10,487	1 1	1 1	1 1		10,487
Rent and other Interest	0,999 17,683 307	12,153	2,829	12,459	(3,600)	6,999 38,695 3,136
Sewer Fire dues	1 1	1	71,082	67,412	(18,576)	71,082 48,836
	156,909	12,153	73,911	79,871	(22,176)	300,668
Expenditures Salaries and benefits Goods and services	33,370	3,159	6,650	2,125		45,304
Amortization Interest	12,308	17,388	41,634 27,712 6,454	21,723	(22,176)	141,4/4 79,131 10,320
	107,696	51,574	82,650	56,485	(22,176)	276,229
Operating surplus (deficit)	49,213	(39,421)	(8,739)	23,386	ı	24,439
Other revenue Government infrastructure funding	12,625	ı	15,652	1	1	28,277
	61,838	(39,421)	6,913	23,386	ę	52,716



Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets

31, 2022	
31	
March	
For the year ended	
year	
the	
For	

Schedule 2

		March 31, 2022	Cost		March 31, 2022	Accumulated amortization	March 31, 2022
	Doggania	7			:	;	Net book
	Beginning	Additions	Ending	Beginning	Amortization	Ending	value
	A	•	€9	<b>∽</b>	<b>∽</b>	<b>∽</b>	<b>€</b> 9
Land and land improvements	271,052	5,752	276,804	36,211	7,434	43,645	233,159
Buildings	742,382	33,066	775,448	320,994	16,006	337,000	438,448
Street lights and equipment	92,463	34,249	126,712	50,581	6,499	57,080	69,632
Fire equipment	486,398	ı	486,398	216,622	26,977	243,599	242,799
Sewer system	2,358,080	7,289	2,365,369	548,496	26,778	575,274	1,790,095
	3 950 375	958 08	4 030 731	1 172 004	62 604	1 256 508	7 774 133
		00000	1,000,1	1,1/2,704	+c0,co	070,007,1	2,774,133
		March 31,	(		March 31,	Accumulated	March 31,
		7071	Cost		2021	amortization	2021
							Net book
	Beginning	Additions	Ending	Beginning	Amortization	Ending	Value
	<b>9</b> 9	S	<b>∽</b>	<b>∽</b>	€	8	€9
Land and land improvements	271,052	•	271,052	28,563	7,648	36,211	234,841
Buildings	742,382	•	742,382	304,953	16,041	320,994	421,388
Street lights and equipment	79,838	12,625	92,463	46,609	3,972	50,581	41,882
Fire equipment	374,490	111,908	486,398	192,864	23,758	216,622	269,776
Sewer system	2,343,732	14,348	2,358,080	520,784	27,712	548,496	1,809,584
	3,811,494	138,881	3,950,375	1,093,773	79,131	1,172,904	2,777,471