Consolidated Financial Statements **March 31, 2020**

Management's Report

The management of the Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour is responsible for the integrity, relevance and comparability of the financial information presented in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements are prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards established by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada. A summary of the significant accounting policies is disclosed in note 1 to the consolidated financial statements. The preparation of financial statements necessarily involves the use of estimates based on management's judgment, particularly when transactions affecting the current period cannot be finalized with certainty until future periods.

To meet its responsibility, management maintains a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded, transactions are properly authorized and recorded in compliance with legislative and regulatory requirements, and reliable financial information is available on a timely basis for preparation of the consolidated financial statements. These systems are monitored and evaluated by management.

The Council is responsible for ensuring that management fulfils its responsibilities for financial reporting and internal control, and exercises these responsibilities through the Council. The Council reviews internal financial statements on a monthly basis and external audited financial statements yearly. The Council also discusses any significant financial reporting or internal control matters prior to their approval of the consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements have been audited by ArsenaultBestCameronEllis, independent external auditors appointed by the Municipality. The accompanying Independent Auditor's Report outlines their responsibilities, the scope of their examination and their opinion on the Municipality's consolidated financial statements.

Anne Harnesk

Chief Administrative Officer

Paul White

Mayor



Member of The AC Group of Independent Accounting Firms

Chartered Professional Accountants & Business Advisors

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September 2, 2020

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Council of the The Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of The Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at March 31, 2020, and the consolidated statements of accumulated surplus, operations, changes in net assets (debt) and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of The Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour as at March 31, 2020, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of The Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing The Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate The Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing The Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of The
 Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on The Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause The Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and
 events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Chartered Professional Accountants

Arsenault Best Cameron Ellis

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at March 31, 2020

	2020 \$	2019 \$
Assets		
Financial assets		
Cash and cash equivalents		
Unrestricted	87,336	91,489
Accounts receivable	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, , , , , ,
Sewer	7,607	2,429
Grants	2,646	-
HST	2,050	9,656
Fire department and other	20,304	53
Restricted cash (note 2)	287,968	110,463
Total financial assets	407,911	214,090
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	54,198	38,030
Deferred revenue (note 2)	313,918	142,825
Long-term debt (note 3)	211,379	228,298
Total liabilities	579,495	409,153
Net debt	(171,584)	(195,063)
Non-financial assets		
Prepaid expenses	22.777	21 102
Tangible capital assets (Schedule 2)	23,777	21,493
rangiote capital assets (schedule 2)	2,717,721	2,759,846
	2,741,498	2,781,339
Accumulated surplus	2,569,914	2,586,276

On behalf of the Counc	i	j								i	i		j								j	j	j	j	j	j	j				j	j		j	j	j	j	j	j		j							,	,																																																ĺ			١	١	1	ί				l	ı	1	l	Ì		,)	ĺ			,						ĺ	((,	e	(l	Ì	1	h	ł	ł		t	ĺ	1				
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Mayor

Acting Chief Administrative Officer



Consolidated Statement of Accumulated Surplus

	(12 months) 2020 \$	(15 months) 2019 \$
Accumulated surplus - Beginning of year	2,586,276	2,236,423
Annual surplus (deficit)	(16,362)	349,853
Accumulated surplus - End of year	2,569,914	2,586,276

The Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour Consolidated Statement of Operations

	(12 months) 2020	(12 months) 2020	(15 months) 2019
	Budget		
	(unaudited)	Actual	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Revenue (Schedule 1)			
Property taxes	84,660	81,854	102,288
Government transfers			
Equalization	9,400	9,741	14,204
Wages	2222	3,843	
Rent and other	24,300	19,782	10,601
Interest	-	1,365	1,884
Sewer charges	60,000	70,794	77,269
Fire dues	50,400	47,484	60,585
	228,760	234,863	266,831
Expenses (Schedule 1)			
General government	149,560	97,121	195,027
Municipal centre and recreation	59,200	51,155	59,796
Sewer	60,000	79,434	85,204
Fire department	70,000	55,262	61,704
	338,760	282,972	401,731
Operating deficit	(110,000)	(48,109)	(134,900)
Other revenue			
Government infrastructure funding	30,000	31,747	484,753
Annual surplus (deficit)	(80,000)	(16,362)	349,853

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Assets (Debt)

	(12 months) 2020	(12 months) 2020	(15 months) 2019
	Budget (unaudited)	Actual	Actual
	\$	Actual \$	Actual \$
Annual surplus (deficit)	(80,000)	(16,362)	349,853
Amortization of tangible capital assets - net Acquisition of tangible capital assets - net Change in prepaid expenses - general	80,000 (35,000)	76,928 (34,803) (2,284)	95,231 (632,753) (17,533)
	45,000	39,841	(555,055)
Increase (decrease) in net financial assets	(35,000)	23,479	(205,202)
Net financial assets (net debt) - Beginning of year	(195,063)	(195,063)	10,139
Net debt - End of year	(230,063)	(171,584)	(195,063)

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

	(12 months) 2020 \$	(15 months) 2019 \$
Cash provided by (used in)		
Operating activities Annual surplus (deficit) Item not affecting cash	(16,362)	349,853
Amortization	76,928	95,231
Net change in non-cash working capital items	60,566	445,084
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable	(20,469)	30,364
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	16,168	(6,658)
Increase in deferred revenue	171,093	91,214
Increase in prepaid expenses	(2,284)	(17,533)
	225,074	542,471
Capital activity		
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(34,803)	(632,753)
Financing activities		
Increase in restricted cash	(177,505)	(57,328)
Issuance of long-term debt	-	649,641
Debt repayment	(16,919)	(483,451)
	(194,424)	108,862
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(4,153)	18,580
Cash and cash equivalents - Beginning of year	91,489	72,909
Cash and cash equivalents - End of year	87,336	91,489

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2020

1 Summary of significant accounting policies

The consolidated financial statements of The Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour are prepared by management in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards (PSAS) of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada. Significant aspects of the accounting policies adopted by the Municipality are as follows:

a) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses, and surplus/deficit of the reporting entity. The reporting entity is comprised of all organizations and committees that are accountable to the Municipality for administration of their financial affairs and resources, and which are owned or controlled by the Municipality. Interdepartmental and organizational transactions and balances are eliminated.

b) Consolidated entities

The organizations included in the consolidated financial statements are as follows:

Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour Murray Harbour Fire Department Murray Harbour Sewer Utility

On January 1, 2018, the The Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour changed its fiscal year-end from December 31 to March 31, beginning with the March 31, 2019 reporting period.

c) Basis of accounting

The consolidated financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting records revenue as it is earned and measurable. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable based upon receipt of goods or services and/or the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

d) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand and bank account balances. Restricted cash is held in separate accounts to fund eligible expenditures under the Direct Allocation Capital Investment Plan Project Funding Agreement (see note 2).

e) Non-financial assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the normal course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the excess of revenue over expenses, provides the consolidated change in net debt for the year.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2020

f) Management estimates

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reported period. Significant estimates include the estimated useful life of tangible capital assets and are based on management's best information and judgment. Actual results could differ from those reported.

g) Revenue recognition

- (i) Tax revenue consists of property tax billings which are received directly from the Province of Prince Edward Island. Taxes are billed based on the assessment rolls provided by the Province of Prince Edward Island at rates established by the Municipality. Taxation revenue is recorded as it is received in monthly installments from the Province of Prince Edward Island. Assessments and the related property taxes are subject to appeal to the Province of Prince Edward by residents. The Municipality's revenue is adjusted for any of these appeals using a yearly statement.
- (ii) Rent and other, interest, sewer charges and fire dues are recorded when it is earned and collection is reasonably assured.

h) Government transfers

Transfers from governments without eligibility criteria or stipulations is recognized as revenue by the Municipality when the transfer is authorized. Transfers with eligibility criteria is recognized as revenue by the Municipality when the transfer is authorized and all eligibility criteria have been met, unless there is a stipulation that gives rise to an obligation that meets the definition of a liability. In that case, the transfer is recorded as a liability and recognized as revenue as the stipulations are met. Transfers with stipulations is recognized as revenue by the Municipality when the transfer is authorized and all stipulations have been met.

Transfers to other organizations are recognized as an expense when they are authorized.

i) Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost, which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The cost is amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life as follows:

Land improvements4.0% and 10.0%Buildings2.5% and 4.0%Street lights and equipment10.0% and 20.0%Fire equipment10.0%Sewer system1.2% and 5.0%

Full amount of the annual amortization is charged in the year of acquisition.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements **March 31, 2020**

All costs associated with placing an asset in service, including freight, installation costs, site preparation costs and alterations are included in the capitalized value.

j) Fair value of financial instruments

(i) Measurement of financial instruments

The Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, restricted cash, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and long-term debt.

The Municipality initially measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value adjusted by, in the case of a financial instrument that will not be measured subsequently at fair value, the amount of transaction costs directly attributable to the instrument. This fair value amount is then deemed to be the amortized cost of the financial instrument.

The Municipality subsequently measures all its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost.

(ii) Impairment

For financial assets measured at cost or amortized cost, the Municipality determines whether there are indications of possible impairment. When there is an indication of impairment, and the Municipality determines that a significant adverse change has occurred during the period in the expected timing or amount of future cash flows, a write-down is recognized in annual surplus (deficit). A previously recognized impairment loss may be reversed to the extent of the improvement. The carrying amount of the financial asset may not be greater than the amount that would have been reported at the date of the reversal had the impairment not been recognized previously. The amount of the reversal is recognized in annual surplus (deficit).

(c) Risks

Transacting in financial instruments exposes the Municipality to certain financial risks and uncertainties. These risks include:

- i) Interest rate risk: The Municipality is exposed to interest rate risk due to the variable rate interest on their long-term debt. Changes in the bank lending rates can cause fluctuations in cash flows and interest expense. The Municipality does not use any derivatives to manage this risk. The Municipality does not have any bank advances at year end.
- ii) Credit risk: The Municipality is exposed to credit risk in connection with the collection of its accounts receivable. The Municipality mitigates this risk by performing continuous evaluation of its accounts receivables.
- iii) Liquidity risk: The Municipality's exposure to liquidity risk is dependent on the collection of accounts receivable or raising of funds to meet commitments and sustain operations. The Municipality controls liquidity risk by management of working capital, cash flows and availability of borrowing facilities.



Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2020

2 Deferred revenue

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Deferred revenue - Beginning of period	142,825	51,611
Allocation received	200,000	100,000
Interest income	194	442
Eligible expenditures incurred	(29,101)	(9,228)
Deferred revenue - End of period	313,918	142,825

During the year the Municipality was allocated \$200,000 (2019 - \$100,000) under the New Deal Gas Tax Funding for Incorporated Communities Agreement. The Municipality must use their allocation of the New Deal Gas Tax funds for eligible infrastructure and capacity building.

Under the Agreement on the Transfer of Federal Gas Tax Revenues through the New Deal for Cities and Communities and the Direct Allocation Capital Investment Plan Project, the Municipality has received funds which are restricted for expenditure on eligible projects. The Municipality has prepared, and the governmental regulating body has accepted, a Capital Investment Plan which details eligible expenditures.

The Municipality has \$287,968 (2019 - \$110,463) in a separate bank account to be used to pay for future eligible expenditures incurred under this agreement. This is shown as restricted cash on the Statement of Financial Position.

3 Long-term debt

	2020 \$	2019 \$
Rural Municipality of Murray Harbour - General		
Prime plus 1.5%, Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce loan, maturing April 2029, payable in bi-weekly installments of \$192 plus interest	45,448	50,449
Prime plus 1.5%, Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce loan, maturing February 2034, payable in bi-weekly installments of \$458 plus interest	165,931	177,849
	211,379	228,298

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements **March 31, 2020**

Principal repayments are due as follows:

	Total \$
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 Thereafter	16,918 16,918 16,918 16,918 16,918 126,789
	211,379

Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce prime rate at March 31, 2020 was 2.45% (2019 - 3.95%).

4 Rate regulation

The Municipality is subject to rate regulation on the Sewer utilities provided to residents in Prince Edward Island under the Island Regulatory Appeals Commission Act. The purpose of this Act, which is administered by the Island Regulatory and Appeal Commission (IRAC), is to regulate the rate municipalities may charge for sewer utilities provided to residents within Prince Edward Island and to ensure at all times a just and reasonable price for sewer services. Changes in sewer utility rates can only be implemented with the approval from IRAC.

5 Segment disclosure - Schedule 1

The Municipality provides various services to its citizens. For management reporting purposes the Municipality's operations and activities are organized and reported by segment. Segments were created for the purpose of recording specific activities to attain certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations.

Community services are provided by departments and their activity is reported in these funds. The services provided by these departments are as follows:

General government services

This department is responsible for the overall financial and local government administration. Its tasks include accounts payable and receivables, budgets and financial statements, administration and maintenance of bylaws.

Municipality centre and recreation

This department is responsible for rental and maintenance of the Municipality community centre and parks.

Sewer utility

This department is responsible for sewage utility services provided to the residents.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2020

Fire protection services

This department is responsible for fire protection for its residents.

Elimination amounts

Internally generated revenues and expenses are eliminated on a consolidated basis.

The Kural Municipality of Murray Harbour Consolidated Schedule of Segment Disclosures

For the year ended March 31, 2020

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Schedule 1

	General Government \$	Municipality center & Recreation \$	Sewer	Fire Department \$	Elimination	March 31, 2020 Consolidated \$
Revenues Property taxes	81,854	,	ı	ı	x	81,854
Municipal Support Grant Program Wages	9,741	3 843	1 1	1 1	j	9,741
Rent and other	15,172	11,191	- 23 [868	(7,479)	19,782
Sewer Fire dues	(202)	1 1 1	70,794	65,004	. (17,520)	1,365 70,794 47,484
	106,565	15,034	72,361	65,902	(24,999)	234,863
Expenditures Salaries and benefits Goods and services Amortization Interest	32,595 65,072 13,215 3,759	3,491 30,276 17,388	3,515 44,710 28,681 10,007	2,125 35,401 17,644 92	- (24,999) -	41,726 150,460 76,928 13,858
	114,641	51,155	86,913	55,262	(24,999)	282,972
Operating surplus (deficit)	(8,076)	(36,121)	(14,552)	10,640	20	(48,109)
Other revenue Government Infrastructure funding	1		31,747	ī		31,747
	(8,076)	(36,121)	17,195	10,640	1	(16,362)



Consolidated Schedule of Segment Disclosures
For the year ended March 31, 2020

Schedule 1

	Conorol	Municipality		i i		March 31, 2019
	Government \$	Recreation \$	Sewer	Department \$	Elimination \$	Consolidated \$
Revenues Property taxes	102,288	T	a.	,	r	102,288
Nunicipal Support Grant Program Rent and other Interest	14,204 11,624 442	968'6	1,442	1,205	(11,624)	14,204 10,601 1,884
Sewer Fire dues	874	1 1	77,269	83,021	(23,310)	77,269
	129,432	9,396	78,711	84,226	(34,934)	266,831
Expenditures Salaries and benefits	41,869	2,723	9,235	2,125	· ·	55,952
Goods and services Amortization Interest	142,749 17,855 15,864	34,058 23,015	53,146 33,663 784	38,647 20,698 234	(34,934)	233,666 95,231 16,882
	218,337	59,796	96,828	61,704	(34,934)	401,731
Operating surplus (deficit)	(88,905)	(50,400)	(18,117)	22,522	ř.	(134,900)
Other revenue Government infrastructure funding	19	r	484,692	1		484,753
	(88,844)	(50,400)	466,575	22,522	ı	349,853

Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets For the year ended March 31, 2020

Schedule 2

							2 amana
		March 31, 2020	Cost		March 31, 2020	Accumulated	March 31, 2020
	Beginning \$	Additions \$	Ending S	Beginning	Amortization \$	Ending \$	Net book value \$
Land and land improvements Buildings Street lights and equipment	271,052 742,382 78,232 370,394	1,606	271,052 742,382 79,838 374 490	20,939 288,282 42,981	7,624 16,671 3,628	28,563 304,953 46,609	242,489 437,429 33,229
Sewer system	2,314,631	29,101	2,343,732	491,732	29,052	520,784	1,822,948
	3,776,691	34,803	3,811,494	1,016,845	76,928	1,093,773	2,717,721
		March 31, 2019	Cost		March 31, 2019	Accumulated	March 31, 2019
I and and land	Beginning \$	Additions \$	Ending \$	Beginning §	Amortization \$	Ending \$	Net book Value
improvements Buildings Street lights and equipment Fire equipment	270,499 732,534 78,011 316,180	553 9,848 221 54,214	271,052 742,382 78,232 370,394	10,291 266,669 37,918 148,571	10,648 21,613 5,063 24,340	20,939 288,282 42,981 172,911	250,113 454,100 35,251 197,483
ocwel system	1,740,714	707,717	1,50,4,051	400,100	100,00	491,132	1,022,039

2,759,846

1,016,845

95,231

921,614

3,776,691

632,753

3,143,938